

## West African Ornithological Society Société d'Ornithologie de l'Ouest Africain



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Unusual Behaviour of an Osprey. The Osprey Pandion haliatus is an occasional visitor to the Zaria area and I have sight records of single birds at Samaru Lake (Zaria) on 8th and 13th Na. 1963 and at Maska Dam (near Funtua) on 6th and 13th October 1963. The purpose of this brief note is to report the apparently uncommon behaviour of an Osprey observed near the lake on the farm at the Institute for Agricultural Research, Samaru, on 1st October 1964. The bird was observed to stalk, and to take by means of a typical plunge from 100 ft., a live mammal about the size of a small rat. The incident occurred within 50 yards of the shore of the lake which is well stocked with fish, the normal staple diet of the Osprey. Ospreys in Europe when pressed by hunger have been known (1) to take chickens and small mammals, but in this instance there should have been no such: necessity.

(1) Witherby et al. (1940) The Handbook of British Birds. Vol 3, p.109.

N.J.Skinner

Bats as an Item in Bird Diets. Considering the large number of bats in most districts of Rigeria, it is remarkable how few birds of prey attempt to feed on them. One species, the Bat Hawk Machaeramphus alcinus has adapted itself almost entirely to catching bats on the wing (although I have seen it having a shot at swifts early in the evening), but it is dangerous to assume that any bird seen going after bats is a Bat Hawk.

I have seen the Lanner Falco biarmicus pursuing bats with determination, even the Rite Milvus migrans will sometimes make rather a clumsy attempt. The Shikra Accipiter badius will take bats by perching over the exit hole in a roof and, warned by the scurry of the emerging bats, dive down with the cloud and take a bat in about one of five attempts.

My most interesting record is of a small extremely fast falcon cepturing bats with gr at success, seen on two occasions, 21st December 1962 and again on 18th February 1963. This appeared very dark in the twilight, but was distinctly paler below and had a typical falcon moustachial streak and pointed wings. My guess is that it was a Hobby Falco subbuteo: it was certainly not any of the more usual hawks around Kaduna.

Reverting to the Bat Hawk, I have on two occasions seen it very close at hand, catching bats at a low level, when its characteristic markings can be clearly seen. More usually it is seen cruising round fairly bigh up making occasional swift dives after bats which it is very expert at catching, and eats on the wing. When doing this, it catches the attention and most be visible over a wide area, and it is surprising that it is not seen more frequently. My own records are very sporadic, which would appear to indicate that the bird wanders about a good deal. The dates on which