

West African Ornithological Society Société d'Ornithologie de l'Ouest Africain



Join the WAOS and support the future availability of free pdfs on this website.

http://malimbus.free.fr/member.htm

If this link does not work, please copy it to your browser and try again. If you want to print this pdf, we suggest you begin on the next page (2) to conserve paper.

Devenez membre de la SOOA et soutenez la disponibilité future des pdfs gratuits sur ce site.

http://malimbus.free.fr/adhesion.htm

Si ce lien ne fonctionne pas, veuillez le copier pour votre navigateur et réessayer. Si vous souhaitez imprimer ce pdf, nous vous suggérons de commencer par la page suivante (2) pour économiser du papier.

Palaearctic migrants ringed were:-

1 CTTCOCT O ATO WEST COLUMN		
Marsh Sandpiper	Tringa stagnatilis	1
"Flava" Wagtail	Motacilla flava	10
Redstart	Phoenicurus phoenicurus	, 2
Sedge Warbler	Acrocephalus schoenobaenus	8
Reed Warbler	Acrocephalus scirpaceus	17
Olivaceous Warbler	Hippolais pallida	·3
Blackcap	Sylvia atricapilla	1
Whitethroat	Sylvia communis	124
Lesser Whitethroat	Sylvia curruca	32
Subalpine Warbler	Sylvia cantillans	6
Willow Warbler	Phylloscopus trochilus	2
		206

We could not see any Typha beds anywhere between Mallam Fatori and the Yobe. There is plenty of Salvadora on the "road" from Kukawa to Mallam Fatori but any future ringing at Mallam Fatori will be difficult unless the Salvadore there is preserved. I hope that the Forestry Department will take steps to protect this.

want care autocom to a reference THE NESTS OF THREE FOREST BIRDS

In the past year, I have observed the following 3 nests at Ikot Ibritam, A bak Division, S.E.State, Nigeria (4046'N., 7°35'E.). The first is described by Bannerman (1953, Birds of West and Equitorial Africa), but no date is given. The other two are said to be unknown.

Chestnut Wattle-Eye Dyaphorophia castanea: 1.

to to the second of the second

Butter and the state of the sta

On 26th May, 1972, a schoolboy showed me a nest of this species'in a cassava patch among oil palm trees. The mest was 1 ft. above the ground in a small shrub with large soft leaves. It consisted of a very neat, deep, funnel-like cup made of dried grasses and small stems. The rim was lined with a white silken material (spider web?) to help attach it to two surrounding leaves and to bend down a leaf above it, thus partly hiding the nest. The two fresh eggs were very light blue, with dark brown spots, especially at the thick end. Egg measurements were 16 x 12 mm.

- 2. Slate-breasted Forest Warbler Apalis rufogularis:
 On 10th June, 1971, I found this bird's nest in a Gmelina
 tree in our garden, 18 feet above the ground. The nest was
 constructed of small twigs, in the shape of a shallow cup. The
 bird was sitting on the nest. But one week later the nest was
 abandoned, and on investigation no eggs were found. This bird
 and it's mate frequent our garden and the thickets nearby.
 Their plaintive whistles "whee whee--oo, whee whee--oo", call
 attention to them.
- 3. Buff-throated Sunbird Chalcomitra adelberti:
 On 27th January, 1972, I found a nest of this sunbird 7 ft.
 above the ground in a small mango tree in our garden. The nest
 was a rather untidy dome, 10 x 10 in. of woven grass stems, with
 a 2 x 3 inch opening in the side. On closer examination it was
 found that the nest was lined with plant down. The four white
 eggs measured 18 x 12 mm. In early February, 1972, a schoolboy
 showed me another, similar nest, in a raphia palm, 15 ft. above
 the ground.

Herman H. Gray

• • • • • • • • • • • • • •